



Banjo Frog

Name	Scientific	Limnodynastes dorsalis				
	Common	Banjo Frog				
Description		Banjo frogs can reach sizes of 7cm and usually have a yellow stripe running down the centre of the back. They also have reddish markings in the groin area and on the back legs. They are powerful diggers and can burrow a metre of more underground in search of moisture. They are the most adventurous of our local frogs and can often turn up several kilometres away from the nearest wetland.				
Habitat		They prefer to live next to swamps and dams in winter and spring. In the summer months they stay cool by sheltering in burrows away from water.				
Breeding		Breeding starts with the males calling from late winter and continuing through to early summer. The females produce a floating foam raft which car contain up to 5,000 eggs! The tadpoles develop very slowly and can take between 4-8 months to develop into frogs.				
Call		A loud, explosive "bonk" which can be heard from some distance away.				
Did you	know?	The word <i>limnodynastes</i> is a latin word meaning "Lord of the marshes".				

Summer			Autumn			Winter			Spring		
Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov



Main calling time May still be heard

